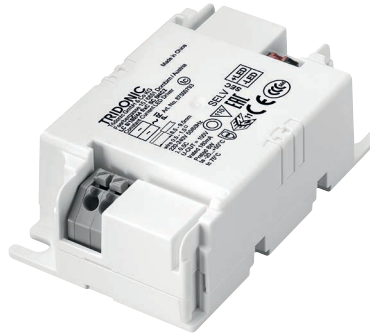


Driver LC 8W 180/200mA fixC SC SNC2

essence series

Product description

- Fixed output LED Driver
- Can be either used build-in or independent with clip-on strain-relief (see accessory)
- Independent LED Driver with cable clamps
- Constant current LED Driver
- For luminaires of protection class II
- Temperature protection as per EN 61347-2-13 C5e
- Output current 180 or 200 mA
- Max. output power 8 W
- Nominal life-time up to 50,000 h
- 5-year guarantee



Housing properties

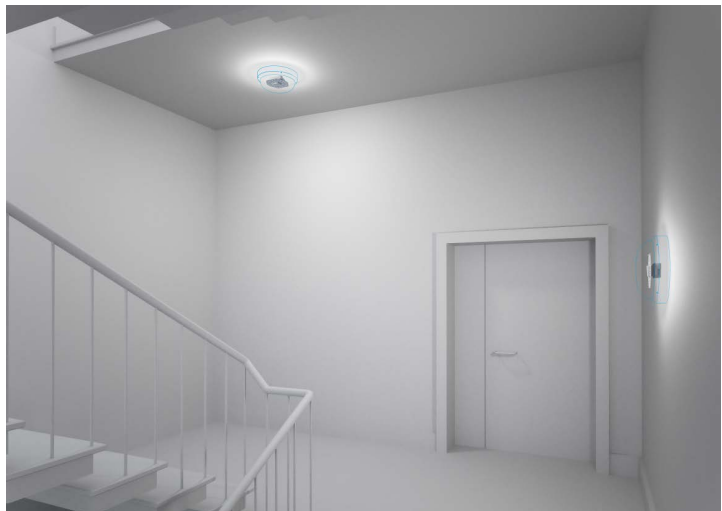
- Casing: polycarbonat, white
- Type of protection IP20

Functions

- Overload protection
- Short-circuit protection
- No-load protection
- Burst protection voltage 1 kV
- Surge protection voltage 0.5 kV (L to N)
- Surge protection voltage 1 kV (L/N to earth)

Typical applications

- For spot light and downlight in retail and hospitality application
- For panel light and area light in office and education application



Standards, page 4

Wiring diagrams and installation examples, page 4

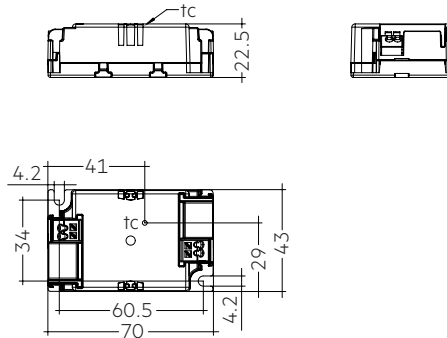
IP20 SELV  RoHS

Driver LC 8W 180/200mA fixC SC SNC2

essence series

Technical data

Rated supply voltage	220 – 240 V
AC voltage range	198 – 264 V
Mains frequency	50 / 60 Hz
Overvoltage protection	320 V AC, 1 h
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 160 %
Output current tolerance [®]	± 7.5 %
Typ. output LF current ripple at full load	± 5 %
Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Hold on time at power failure (output)	0 s
Ambient temperature ta	-20 ... +50 °C
Ambient temperature ta (at life-time 50,000 h)	40 °C
Storage temperature ts	-40 ... +80 °C
Life-time	up to 50,000 h
Dimensions L x W x H	70 x 43 x 22.5 mm



Ordering data

Type	Article number	Packaging, carton	Packaging, low volume	Packaging, high volume	Weight per pc.
LC 8/180/44 fixC SC SNC2	87500793	50 pc(s).	1,300 pc(s).	7,800 pc(s).	0.038 kg
LC 8/200/40 fixC SC SNC2	87500794	50 pc(s).	1,300 pc(s).	7,800 pc(s).	0.038 kg

Specific technical data

Type	Output current [®]	Input current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	Max. input power	Typ. power consumption (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	Output power range	λ at full load [®]	Efficiency at full load [®]	λ at min. load [®]	Efficiency at min. load [®]	Min. forward voltage	Max. forward voltage	Max. output voltage	Max. output peak current [®]	Max. casing temperature tc
LC 8/180/44 fixC SC SNC2	180 mA	88 mA	10 W	9.5 W	5.4 – 7.9 W	0.5C	82 %	0.5C	80 %	30 V	44 V	100 V	205 mA	75 °C
LC 8/200/40 fixC SC SNC2	200 mA	78 mA	10 W	9.5 W	4.6 – 8.0 W	0.55C	82 %	0.5C	80 %	23 V	40 V	100 V	225 mA	75 °C

[®] Test result at 230 V, 50 Hz.

[®] The trend between min. and full load is linear.

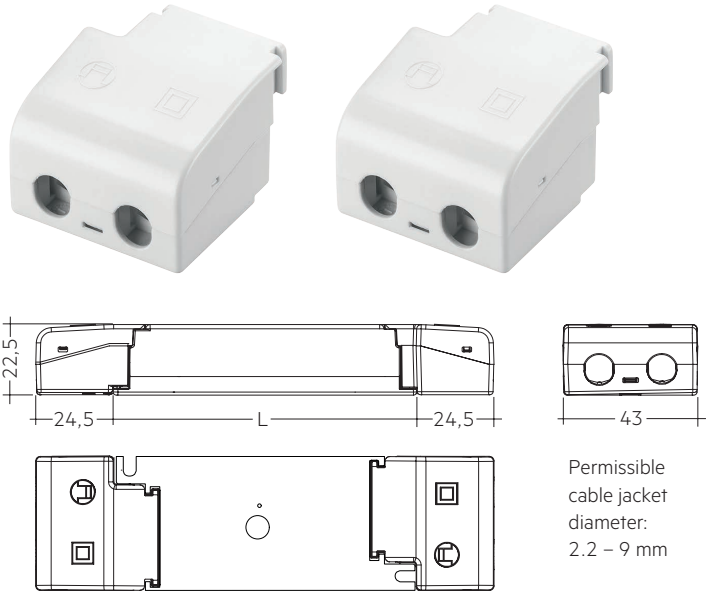
[®] Output current is mean value.



Strain-relief set 43x22.5mm

Product description

- Optional strain-relief set for independent applications
- Easy and tool-free mounting to the LED driver
- Screwless cable-clamp channels
- Transforms the LED Driver into a fully class II compatible LED Driver (e.g. ceiling installation)
- Overall length = length L (LED Driver) + 2 x 24.5 mm (strain-relief set)



Ordering data

Type	Article number	Packaging carton ^①	Packaging outer box	Weight per pc.
ACU SC 43x22.5mm CLIP-ON SR SET	28001534	10 pc(s).	200 pc(s).	0.027 kg

^① A carton of 10 pcs. is equal to 10 sets, each with 2 strain-reliefs parts.

1. Standards

EN 55015
EN 61000-3-2
EN 61000-3-3
EN 61347-1
EN 61347-2-13
EN 61547
EN 60598-1
EN 62384

1.1 Glow-wire test

according to EN 61347-1 with increased temperature of 850 °C passed.

2. Thermal details and life-time

2.1 Expected life-time

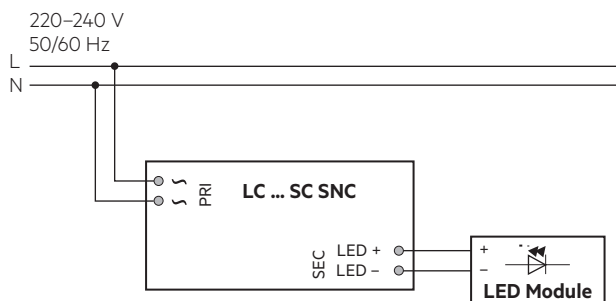
Expected life-time			
Type	ta	40 °C	50 °C
LC 8/180/44 fixC SC SNC2	tc	65 °C ^①	75 °C ^①
	Life-time	50,000 h	30,000 h
LC 8/200/40 fixC SC SNC2	tc	65 °C ^①	75 °C ^①
	Life-time	50,000 h	30,000 h

^① Test result at max. output voltage.

The LED Drivers are designed for a life-time stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

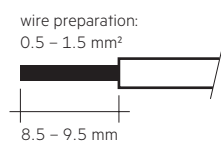
3. Installation / wiring

3.1 Circuit diagram



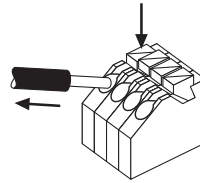
3.2 Wiring type and cross section

The wiring can be in stranded wires with ferrules or solid with a cross section of 0.5–1.5 mm². Strip 8.5–9.5 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-wire terminals. Use one wire for each terminal connector only.



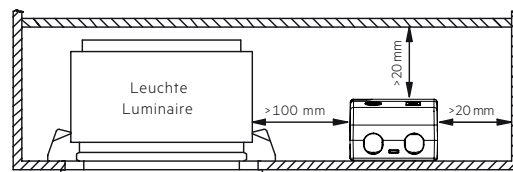
3.3 Release of the wiring

Press down the “push button” and remove the cable from front.



3.4 Fixing conditions when using as independent Driver with Clip-On

Dry, acidfree, oilfree, fatfree. It is not allowed to exceed the maximum ambient temperature (ta) stated on the device. Minimum distances stated below are recommendations and depend on the actual luminaire. Is not suitable for fixing in corner.



3.5 Wiring guidelines

- All connections must be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMI behaviour.
- Mains leads should be kept apart from LED Driver and other leads (ideally 5 – 10 cm distance)
- Max. length of output wires is 2 m.
- The secondary wires (LED module) should be routed in parallel to ensure good EMC performance.
- Secondary switching is not permitted.
- Incorrect wiring can damage LED modules.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

3.6 Replace LED module

1. Mains off
2. Remove LED module
3. Wait for 10 seconds
4. Connect LED module again

Hot plug-in or secondary switching of LEDs is not permitted and may cause a very high current to the LEDs.

3.7 Installation instructions

The LED module and all contact points within the wiring must be sufficiently insulated against 3 kV surge voltage. Air and creepage distance must be maintained.

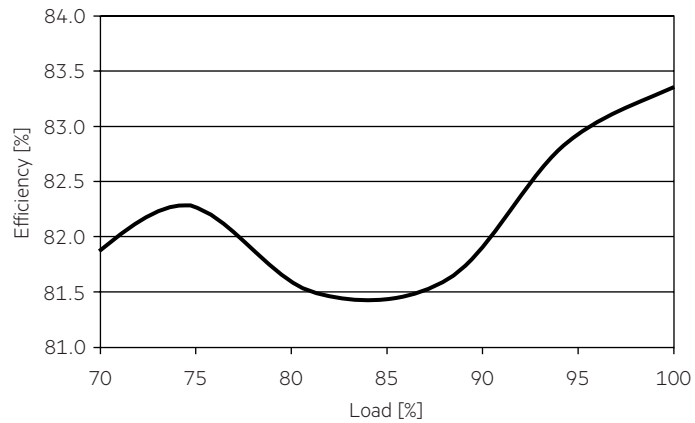
3.8 Mounting of device

Max. torque for fixing: 0.5 Nm/M4

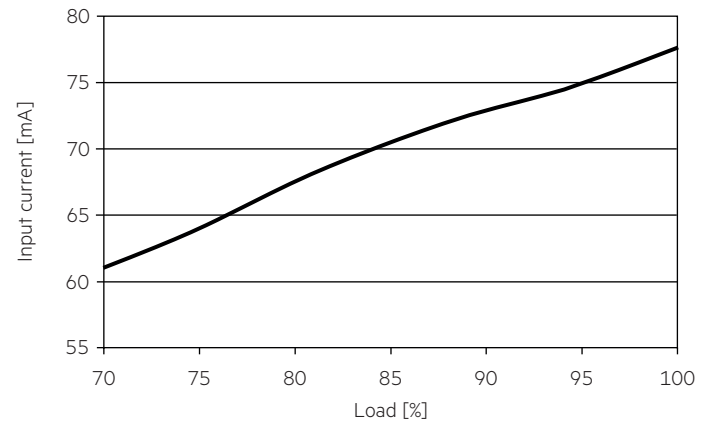
4. Electrical values

4.1 Diagrams LC 8W 180mA fixC SC SNC2

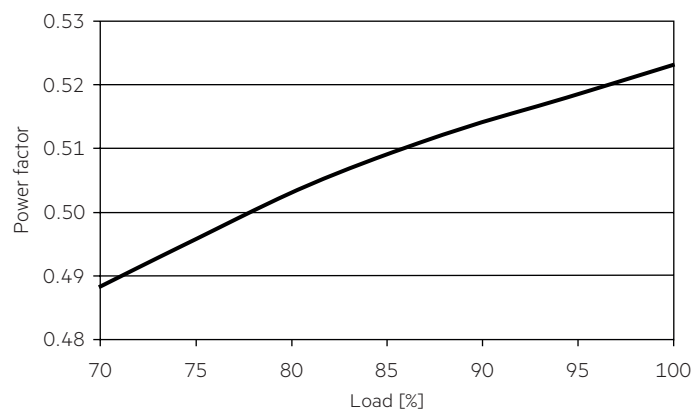
4.1.1 Efficiency vs load



4.1.4 Input current vs load

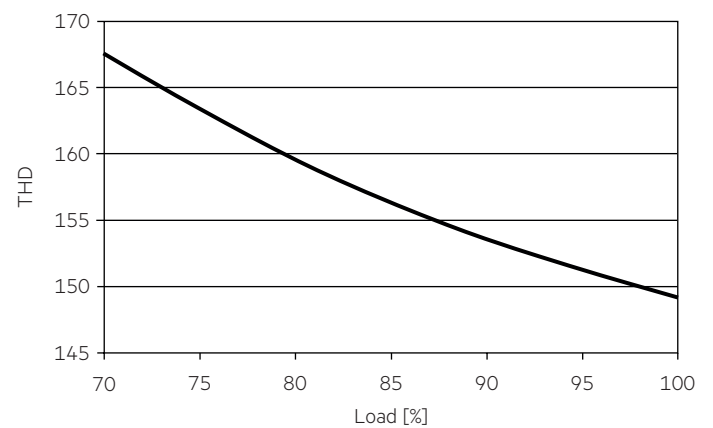


4.1.2 Power factor vs load

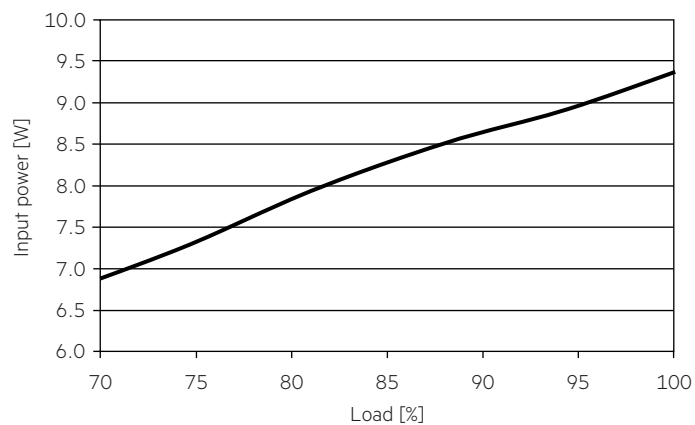


4.1.5 THD vs load

THD without harmonic < 5 mA (0.6 %) of the input current:

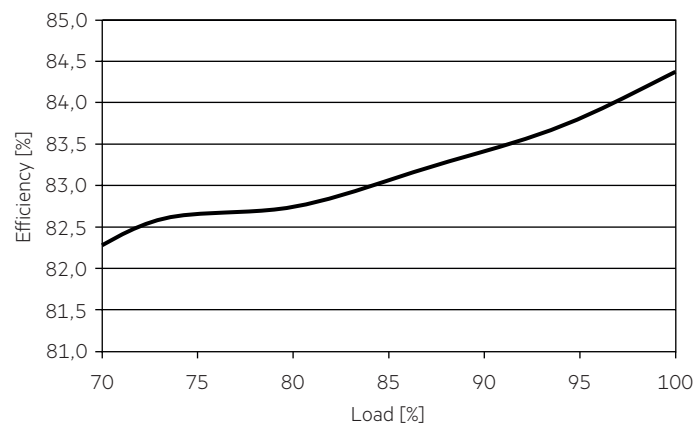


4.1.3 Input power vs load

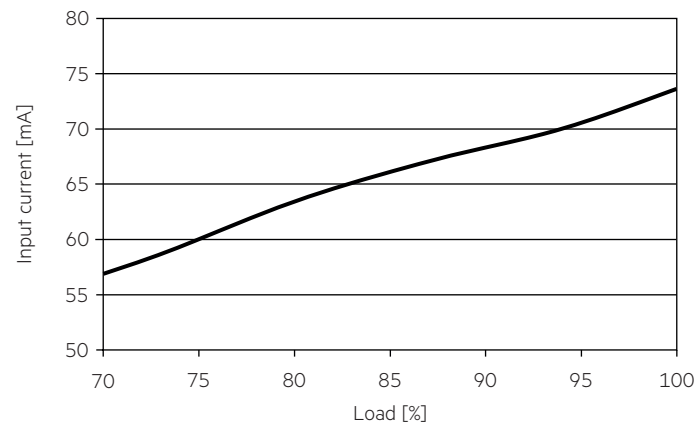


4.2 Diagrams LC 8W 200mA fixC SC SNC2

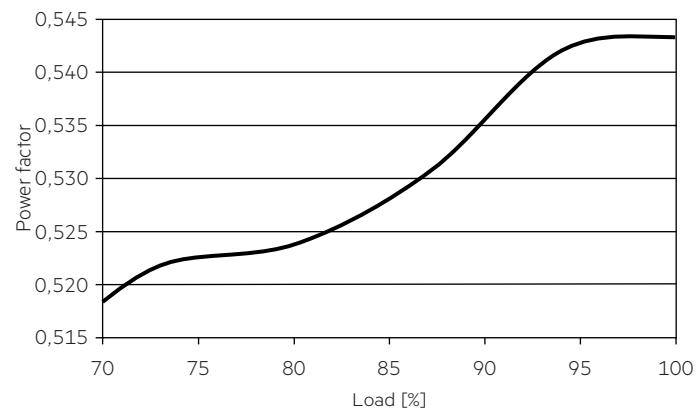
4.2.1 Efficiency vs load



4.2.4 Input current vs load

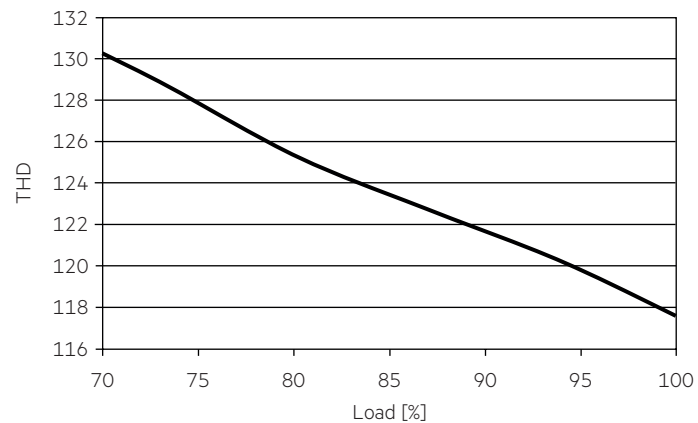


4.2.2 Power factor vs load

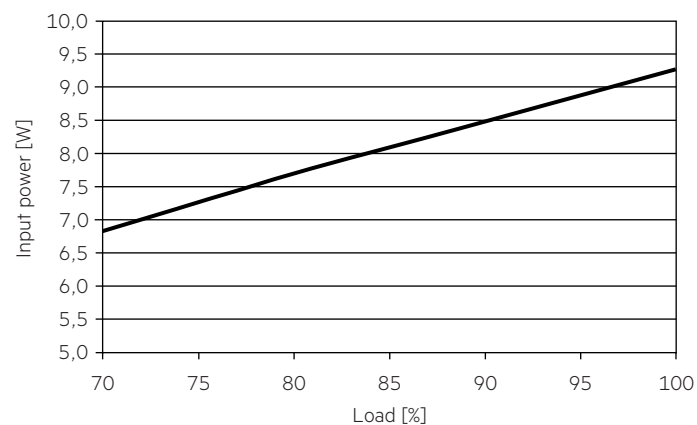


4.2.5 THD vs load

THD without harmonic < 5 mA (0.6 %) of the input current:



4.2.3 Input power vs load



4.3 Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers in relation to inrush current

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush current	
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	I _{max}	Time
LC 8/180/44 fixC SC SNC2	84	107	130	162	50	64	78	97	15 A	100 µs
LC 8/200/40 fixC SC SNC2	84	107	130	162	50	64	78	97	15 A	100 µs

This are max. values calculated out of inrush current! Please consider not to exceed the maximum rated continuous current of the circuit breaker.
Calculation uses typical values from ABB series S200 as a reference.
Actual values may differ due to used circuit breaker types and installation environment.

4.4 Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load) in %

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LC 8/180/44 fixC SC SNC2	< 160	< 95	< 80	< 60	< 40	< 30
LC 8/200/40 fixC SC SNC2	< 160	< 95	< 80	< 60	< 45	< 30

Acc. to 6100-3-2. Harmonics < 5 mA or < 0.6 % (whatever is greater) of the input current are not considered for calculation of THD.

5. Functions

5.1 Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short circuit on the output side (LED) the LED Driver switches off.
After elimination of the short-circuit fault LED Driver will recover automatically.

5.2 No-load operation

The LED Driver works in burst working mode to provide a constant output voltage regulation which allows the application to be able to work safely when LED string opens due to a failure.

5.3 Overload protection

If the output voltage range is exceeded, the LED Driver will protect itself and LED may flicker. After elimination of the overload the nominal operation will recover automatically.

6. Miscellaneous

6.1 Insulation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an insulation test with 500 V_{DC} for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal.
The insulation resistance must be at least 2 MΩ.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V_{AC} (or 1.414 x 1500 V_{DC}). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

6.2 Conditions of use and storage

Humidity: 5 % up to max. 85 %,
not condensed
(max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

6.3 Maximum number of switching cycles

All LED Driver are tested with 50,000 switching cycles.
The actually achieved number of switching cycles is significantly higher.

6.4 Additional information

Additional technical information at www.tridonic.com → Technical Data

Guarantee conditions at www.tridonic.com → Services

Life-time declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim.
No warranty if device was opened.